

Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

Your Home Exercise Program Before Spine Surgery

# Benefits of Preparing for your Surgery

Physical activity and exercise in the weeks leading up to surgery can1:

- . Improve your function and tolerance for activities of daily living
- · Decrease the length of the hospital stay after surgery
- Improve your recovery
- Reduce postoperative pain

DO NOT do activities that aggravate your back! If something bothers you, STOP and consult a physical therapist

# Staying Active



Walking is great exercise to prepare for surgery!

- Aim for 30 min/day, in bouts of at least 10 minutes
- Aim for moderate effort (11-16 on the RPE Scale)<sup>2</sup>

6	No exertion	ed Exertion Borg RPE Scale At rest
7	Extremely light	Able to maintain pace
8		
9	Very light	Comfortable and breathing harder
10		
11	Light	Minimal sweating, can talk easily
12		
13	Somewhat hard	Light sweating, breathing harder, able to talk but difficult to hold a conversation
14		
15	Hard	Sweating, breathing hard, getting uncomfortable, able to maintain proper form
16		
17	Very Hard	The hardest work you have ever done

# **Keeping Mobile**

Do the following stretches daily to keep your muscles flexible and your joints moving. Hold each stretch for 30 seconds and repeat 2-4 times.

OR

### 1a. Single knee to chest



- Hug one knee to your chest (and repeat with the other leg)
- Feel the stretch in your lower back

### Double knee to chest



- Hug both knees to your chest
- Feel the stretch in your lower back

### 2. Childs pose



- From a kneeling position, lean forward and push your bottom towards your heels
- Feel the stretch in your lower back



# Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

#### 3a. Hip stretch (sitting)



 Cross one leg over the other and gentle push your thigh down

OR

 Feel the stretch in your buttock

### 3b. Hip stretch (lying)



- Cross one ankle over your thigh, and pull your thigh towards your chest
- Feel the stretch in your buttock

#### 4a. Quads stretch (standing)



- OR
- Stand holding onto a stable surface for balance
- Grab your foot and pull towards your bottom
- Feel the stretch in your thigh

#### 4b. Quads stretch (lying)



- Lie on your back on your bed or a table, with one leg hanging over the edge
- Using a belt or strap looped around your ankle, pull your foot towards your buttocks
- Feel the stretch in your thigh

#### 5. Hamstring stretch



- Loop a belt or strap around your ankle
- Pull your leg
- Feel the stretch in the back of your thigh

### 6. Hip flexor stretch



- Kneel on one knee on an exercise mat
- Tighten your stomach and buttocks muscles to keep a straight back and push your hips forwards
- Feel the stretch in the front of your hip



### Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

# **Neutral Spine**

Your doctor may have instructed you to keep a "neutral spine" during your daily activities.

Find your neutral spine lying down: Curl your tail bone under and round your back, pressing your lower back to the floor (1). Next, arch your back, so there is a space between your back and the ground (2). Find "neutral" as the comfortable position half-way between these two extremes (3).







# **Building Core and Back Strength**

Take the time now to build up strength in your abdominal, buttocks, and back muscles

Do each of the following exercises daily. Do 10-15 repetitions of each exercise, 3 times.

### Core activation





- Start by lying on your back with bent knees
- · Breath in and let your belly rise as it fills with air
- Breath out and gently pull your lower stomach in, as you lift your head and shoulders off the floor

#### 3. Straight leg raise





- Start by lying on your back, one knee bent, one straight
- As you breath out, tighten your abdominal muscles and raise one leg straight off the floor

### 2. Core isometric



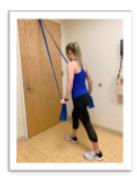
 As you breath out, lift one leg and gently press your opposite hand to your thigh – you should feel your abdominal muscles working



## Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

#### 4. Core pull downs





- Anchor and exercise band above you (fold it in half and close it above a door)
- Stand in a staggered stance with a neutral spine
- Hold one end of the band in each hand
- Tighten your abdominal muscles as your pull the band back, keeping your elbows straight

#### 5. Hip bridges





- Start lying on your back on a firm surface, with knees bent, feet hip distance apart
- Tighten your buttocks muscles, and lift your hips off the floor, holding 5 seconds
- Slowly lower back to the starting position

#### 6. Leg lifts





- Start lying on your front on a firm surface, hands supporting your forehead
- Tighten your abdominal muscles to keep a straight back
- Tighten your buttock muscles and lift your leg off the floor keeping your back straight, holding 5 seconds
- Slowly lower back to the starting position and repeat with the other leg

### 7. Superman



- Once you can keep your back straight while lifting a leg, you can progress to this
- While lifting one leg off the ground, lift your opposite arm – making sure to keep your back straight, holding 5 seconds
- Slowly lower back to the starting position and repeat with the opposite arm and leg



### Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

## Hip Hinge

Learning how to hinge at your hips is important for everyday activities. Practice hinging from your hips while keeping your back straight.

Start from a straight standing position, then bend forwards from the hips, as shown:



### Sit to Stand

Practicing getting up and down from a chair with strong legs and a straight back will help with back pain in the short term, and help you get around more easily after your surgery.



 Sit at the edge of the chair, feet behind your knees



 Lean forwards, keeping a straight back



 Push down into your heels, press up with your legs



 Straighten your knees and stand all the way up

To sit back down again, repeat these steps in reverse! Reach back with your hips and slowly, with control, lower your bottom to the chair

Practice makes perfect: repeat this 10 times at breakfast, lunch, and dinner!



### Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

# **Bed Mobility**

Practice "log rolling" to move around in bed. By moving your body like a log as shown below, there will be less strain on your back. This will feel more comfortable before and after your surgery.



 Start with one leg bent, the other leg straight



- · Roll your body like a log to turn on to your side
- Use the weight of your leg to help you roll over while keeping a straight back



 Swing your legs over the edge of the bed



- Keeping your back straight, push yourself up with your arms
- Let the weight of your legs help straighten you up



 Well done, you are up!

## Positions of Comfort and Relief

Try lying in the following positions to relieve strain on your lower back.



 On your back with pillows under the knees



 On your side with pillows between the knees



# Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

# Safe Lifting







DO NOT lift from a stooped or twisted position



 Get close to the object



Bend your knees and squat or lunge down



 Keep the weight close to your chest



 Press up with your legs

back straight











# Created by Hospital for Special Surgery

## References

- 1. Santa Mina, D., Clarke, H., Ritvo, P., Leung, Y. W., Matthew, A. G., Katz, J., ... & Alibhai, S. M. H. (2014). Effect of total-body prehabilitation on postoperative outcomes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Physiotherapy, 100(3), 196-207
- 2. Amorim, H., Cadilha, R., Parada, F., & Rocha, A. (2019). Progression of aerobic exercise intensity in a cardiac rehabilitation program. Revista Portuguesa de Cardiologia (English Edition), 38(4), 281-286.